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Notable Quotable

"Love all, trust a few, do wrong to none."

~ William Shakespeare, playwright and poet



April Horoscopes and Birthdays

In astrology, those born April 1–19 are Rams of Aries. Like rams, Aries charge forward with courage, confidence, passion, and enthusiasm. They embrace action, take risks, and will fight for their goals. Those born April 20–30 are Bulls of Taurus. Bulls are stable, reliable, patient, and determined. They will work hard and finish the job no matter what gets in their way, but once they are finished, they expect to be rewarded!

Buddy Ebsen – April 2, 1908
Washington Irving – April 3, 1783
Maya Angelou – April 4, 1928
Bette Davis – April 5, 1908
Billie Holiday – April 7, 1915
David Letterman – April 12, 1947
Henry Mancini – April 16, 1924
John Muir – April 21, 1838
Glen Campbell – April 22, 1936
Ella Fitzgerald – April 25, 1917
Samuel Morse – April 27, 1791
Harper Lee – April 28, 1926
Duke Ellington – April 29, 1899

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from acting to playwriting and eventually became the owner and manager of the very venues where his plays were performed, the Globe and Blackfriars Theatres. As Shakespeare's fame grew, he caught the notice of the noble classes. His drama company became the official troupe of both Queen Elizabeth I and King James I, and his works were regularly performed before the royal court. Shakespeare's success won him the respect of his peers and

show of his success, he returned to Stratford-upon-Avon to purchase the largest house in the town. Where Shakespeare's father had lost a fortune, William had built one. Surprisingly, a definitive collection of Shakespeare's plays wasn't compiled until after his death. In 1623, two members of his troupe published the so-called *First Folio*, which remains to this day one of the most significant and esteemed works in the English language.

garnered him vast wealth. As a

Activity Bits & Bites

We made it through this tough winter, although it wants to hang on it seems. I am hoping for nicer weather and flip flops soon! In April we celebrate National Volunteer Week on the 8th-12th.

To be a volunteer, it takes generosity, a willingness to give your time to others. Understanding, because their lives might be very different from your own. Empathy, an ability to put yourself in someone else's shoes and feel what they must feel. Compassion, to truly care about making someone else's life better.

Patience, because the process doesn't always go as smoothly as it might and dedication, to stick with the project and see it through. Our volunteers have shown these qualities and so much more, so thank you for all that you do. We will be holding a Volunteer Appreciation event on Friday

April 5th at 2pm, this will be a casual wine and cheese party, I hope to see many of our valuable volunteers there.

We will be having an Easter Egg Hunt on Monday April 22nd. Find the eggs and turn them into activity Dept. for prizes! We will also be having our Easter Dinner on April 22nd, if any families are interested there is very limited space call early to reserve.

Also our ART class is still going strong on Monday mornings and has lots of awesome cards for sale for only \$2, all proceeds go to Resident Council. If you feel you have a hour to spare come volunteer for this great program!

-Julie Omnet, Activity Coordinator

Manor News & Views

April 2019



Manitoulin Centennial Manor Postal Bag 460 70 Robinson Street Little Current,ON P0P 1K0

Celebrating April

Volunteer Appreciation Party April 5th

Birthday Party April 11th

Food Committee

April 12th

Special Entertainment Saturday 2pm! April 13th

Find the Easter
Eggs!
April 22nd

Lunch Bunch-Must sign up, 6 spots! April 24th

Missing Clothes Cart-Craft Room April 27th &28th

William's Fair Shake

Historians believe that the famous playwright William Shakespeare was born on April 23, 1564, and then died on that same date in the year 1616. Some argue that too little is known about Shakespeare to prove he was a famous writer, yet a wealth of records of his life exist.

William Shakespeare's father,
John, was a prominent figure in his
hometown of Stratford-upon-Avon.
John was a successful glove maker,
tanner, and wool dealer as well as
a respected city councilman and
town mayor. William Shakespeare's
mother, Mary Arden, also came from
a prosperous family. Her father ran a
successful farm near Stratford. The
Shakespeare family's wealth, sadly,

did not last. By the time William was about 10 years old, his father's business had collapsed, and they were forced to mortgage even Mary's inheritance. Perhaps this is why young William attended a rather unremarkable local school and completed his education at the age of 14.

William Shakespeare desired to be more than the son of a farmer, so he left Stratford for London, where he became an actor. He progressed



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Administrator's Corner

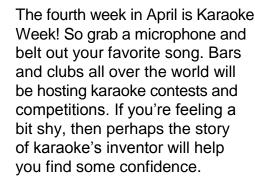
.As spring arrives; we are asking family members when they are into visit to do some spring housekeeping in your loved ones closets and dresser drawers.

Anything that doesn't fit or is looking a bit worn should be thrown out or taken home. If closets are getting over crowded, thinning some of the winter clothing and taking it home prior to bringing in spring and summer outfits would greatly help our staff. The Manor has limited space to store items

at this time. Remember, that items have to be stored 18 inches from our sprinkler heads in the closets.

As many of you know, I will be resigning as the Administrator effective April 15th. I'm pleased to announce that Tamara Beam has accepted this position. It has been an absolute pleasure to have served in this position and I will miss the residents tremendously.- Michelle Bond Administrator

Singing Machine



Karaoke was invented in Japan. The word *karaoke* is a combination of two Japanese terms: kara, meaning "empty," and oke, which is the shortened form of okesutora, meaning "orchestra." What is an "empty orchestra"? This is another way of describing an orchestra that has a lead part missing. And that lead part is the all-important voice of the singer. Sing-alongs have been an important part of Japanese gettogethers for centuries. But it wasn't until 1971 that musician Daisuke Inoue invented a machine that could do the work of an entire band.

Inoue was a drummer and not a very good one at that. When he

couldn't make it in a band, he found work playing drums for Japanese businessmen who liked to sing during amateur nights. When one businessman asked Inoue to play backup at another event, Inoue declined the invitation but came up with another idea. He taped his drum solo so that the singer could play the tape and sing along in his absence. It wasn't long before Inoue realized the genius of this idea and invented a machine fitted with amplifiers and background music that allowed singers to perform without a full band. Inoue's machines were an instant hit. By the 1980s, it seemed that every bar in Japan had a karaoke machine. Unfortunately for Inoue, he never patented his invention and so never earned a cent. It was a Filipino inventor named Roberto del Rosario who claimed that honor. However, Inoue's name has entered the history books. In 2004, he even was awarded a mock "Peace Prize" for inventing a machine that brings people together.



The most popular

Michael Jackson.

karaoke song in the

world is "Billie Jean" by

Both women and men perform the hula.

Hula Is Life

From April 21–27, the greatest hula dancers in the world will converge on Hilo. Hawaii. for the annual Merrie Monarch Festival. The festival celebrates the ideals of King Kalakaua, the last King of Hawaii, known as the "Merrie Monarch," and an ambassador of Hawaiian culture all around the world.

Hula dates back to ancient Hawaii. When written language did not exist, history and stories were preserved and passed from generation to generation in song and dance.

Every movement—a hand gesture, a swaying hip, a stepping foot—told part of the story. When missionaries arrived, Hawaiian language and music were discouraged; even the hula was banned. The Merrie Monarch changed all that. He even insisted that dancers perform the hula at his coronation. Today, hula remains a quintessential part of Hawaiian culture. Hula festivals abound throughout the year in Hawaii, but the best of the best of hula comes every April in honor of the Merrie Monarch.



The Battles of Concord and Lexington began the American Revolutionary War.





Buffalo. New York. holds one of America's largest Dyngus Day celebrations.

The Ballad of John Parker

On April 19, 1775, a farmer and mechanic named John Parker rallied his militia of farmers against a battalion of 700 British troops. The British were on the march to Concord. Massachusetts. in search of weapons and supplies hidden by the American colonists. As the "red coats" approached, Parker's men stood their ground in Lexington, on the road to Concord. They were under Parker's strict orders not to

shoot. After all, the Revolutionary War had not started yet. Alas, a fateful shot was fired, the nowfamous "shot heard round the world," and the American War for Independence began. To this day, no one knows who fired first. Visitors to the Lexington Battle Green can see a statue known as *The Lexington* Minuteman. It represents John Parker and every other soldier who fought for independence.

Wet Monday

The Irish have St. Patrick's Day. Mexicans have Cinco de Mayo. Even the Italians have Columbus Day. For those of Polish descent, there is Dyngus Day, always celebrated the Monday after Easter Sunday.

Dyngus Day is a celebration tied to the end of the Lenten season. but like many modern religious holidays, it has pagan origins. Just as Easter is filled with symbolism of rebirth, so, too, is Dyngus Day. In fact, one of the major rituals of Dyngus Day is for boys to splash water on girls. Nowadays, this is most often achieved with squirt guns, but in the past, this was done with buckets of water. For this reason, Dyngus Day is also known as Wet Monday or even Water Plunge Monday.

There are two explanations behind this wet tradition. The first harkens back many centuries to the pagan ritual of watering the Corn Mother, which was a doll woven of corn and was meant to be an icon of the goddess of fertility. Watering

the Corn Mother every spring ensured a bountiful growing season. The second explanation is also a story of rebirth but not of crops. The ritual splashing of water began with the baptism of Prince Mieszko I on Easter Monday in the year 966 AD. The baptism of the prince signified the acceptance of Catholicism as the national religion of Poland. In these two ways, Dyngus Day is both a celebration of Catholicism and an homage to pagan fertility rituals. During a Dyngus Day celebration, boys often only drench those girls that they are sweet on. In many ways, Dyngus Day is a flirting festival, where young men publicly identify the women they would like to court. Young women, too, have their say. They could prevent a soaking by offering painted eggs to boys. These eggs, called pysanky, are magical charms said to ensure a good harvest and a large, happy family. Also, on the Tuesday following Easter Monday, women have their chance to soak the boys, or, as an alternative to water, they may throw dishes or crockery. On Dyngus Day, love is in—and sailing through—the air.

